



LEADERSHIP SHAPES CULTURE

 Culture is not accidental; it is intentionally built, cultivated, managed, and nurtured.
 Leaders must actively define and constantly reinforce org values and vision to create a consistent, thriving and ethical organization.

Key Takeaways

VALUES DRIVEN LEADERSHIPN MATTERS

 Up to 70% of employees may not align with their organizations values and vision, which impacts engagement and org trust. Leaders must consistently model and demand ethical behavior and decision making to foster alignment.

3

ETHICAL COURAGE AND INFLUENCE ARE CRITICAL:

 Leaders need moral and ethical courage to make difficult decisions, challenge the status quo, and hold themselves and others accountable. Influence is powerful when it is authentic, rooted in integrity and coupled with critical thinking and decision making.

Takeaways continued...

YOU CONTROL YOUR REPUTATION

 If you do not like where you are headed, change direction. Consistent behavior around who you want to be and how others see you challenges the narrative.

FEEDBACK IS A GIFT

How can you change what you don't know.
 Give people the gift of advice. When you are open to criticism, it is fuel.



Think of a time when you or a co-worker were misaligned with org values/direction? What was the impact on the org?

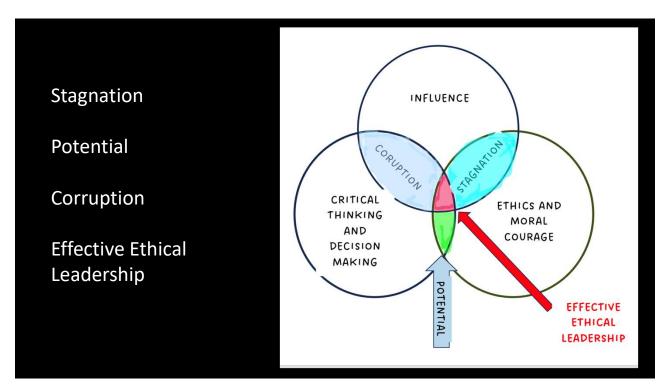


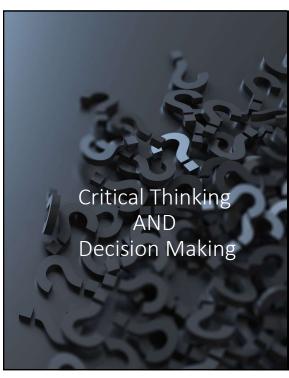
Why are up to 70% of employees misaligned and how can you address it or what would help people align?



Think of a leader that lost trust due to inconsistency, poor leadership, or unethical behavior? Did they overcome it? How/Why/Why Not?

5





- What is critical thinking?
 - Collect info
 - Assess
 - Law, policy, authority
 - Impacts
 - Mitigate
 - Action
 - Assess

While a particular course may seem obvious to you, is it obvious to everyone?

DO YOU HAVE A PROCESS YOU FOLLOW?

7



To make lives better...not only externally

To create an environment of trust and safety

People don't buy what you do, they buy why you do it

What happens when we lose community trust

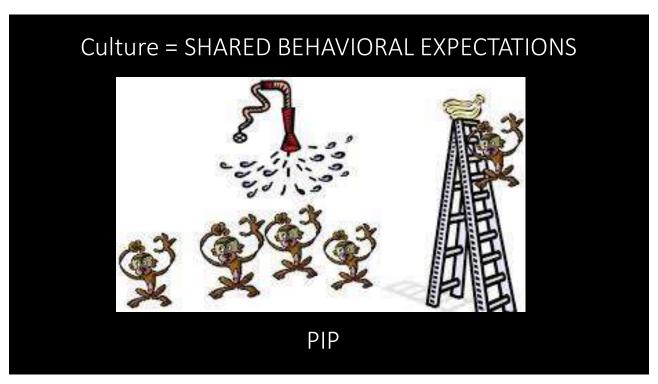
- Defund
- Re-imagine
- Abolish
- Legislation
- De-certification
- Reduced POBOR rights
- Less cooperation/compliance

9

What HAPPENS WHEN LEADERS LOSE STAFF's TRUST?

- Concerns quickly become fears
- Decreased morale
- Decreased performance
- Brand/reputation suffers
- Impact to recruiting and retention
- Poor personnel health and wellness
- Staff engagement and commitment decreases







Think about video from Tom about submarine captain

Culture

- What makes an organization an incredible place to work?
 - What makes it a difficult place to work?
- Why are you in a leadership position?
 - Who are you responsible for?
- What are you doing to make your org incredible?
 - What are you doing that may contribute to making it difficult?

15

Is your culture what you want it to be?

Whose responsibility is culture?

What do you notice if you change organizations?

Policy (not followed)
How conflict is resolved
In group – Out group
Onboarding
Personnel development
Planning
Communication norms

1	WHAT	ARE	WE	TRYING	TO
A	CHIEVE				

- 2 WHO WILL THIS IMPACT MOST AND CAN THAT BE MITIGATED
- 3 WHAT DOES SUCCESS LOOK LIKE?
- 4 WHAT WILL IT TAKE TO ACHIEVE SUCCESS

Phase 1 – ASSESS AND DEVELOP

- Prepare
- Define Success
- Define Impact
- Define approach
- Communicate

17

- Communicate
- Early Adopters
- Plan and Track
- Adapt Actions
- Communicate

PHASE 2 – MANAGE AND COMMUNICATE

- 1 WHAT WILL WE DO TO PREPARE, EQUIP AND SUPPORT
- 2 HOW ARE PEOPLE HANDLING
- 3 ARE WE ON TRACK
- 4 WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO WE NEED TO MAKE

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• Early Adopters

1 WHAT WILL WE DO TO PREPARE, EQUIP AND SUPPORT

• Plan and Track

2 HOW ARE PEOPLE HANDLING

Adapt Actions

3 ARE WE ON TRACK

Communicate

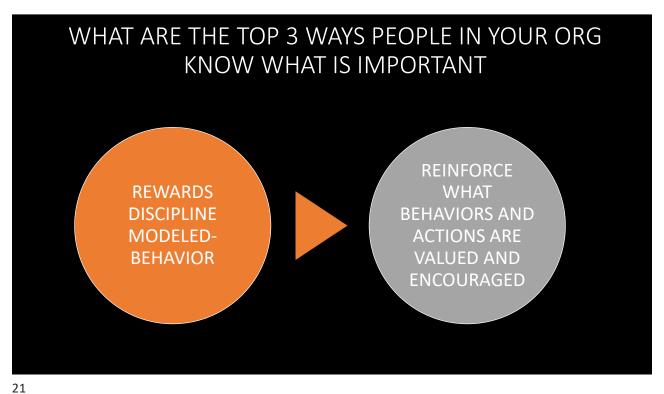
4 WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO WE NEED TO MAKE

PHASE 2 – MANAGE AND COMMUNICATE

19

Maybe a slide about Moor OK and Paradise Valley AZ

- What they are doing
- Hiring process





DIRECTION — ALIGNMENT - COMMITMENT

DIRECTION –

 Clearly defining, communicating and living yours, your teams, and your organizations long term vision and strategic objectives.

WHAT DIRECTION DOES -

 Drives engagement, productivity, resource allocation, planning, change adaptation, leadership alignment, consistency, certainty, funding and priorities

23

DIRECTION - ALIGNMENT - COMMITMENT

ALIGNMENT – develop individual and team strategies that align with the organizations vision and strategic goals. Teach the WHY. Prioritize to create a cohesive and focused effort toward progress.

WHAT ALIGNMENT DOES -

Drives – Resolution of conflict, decision making, focused messaging, culture, strategic planning, consistency, fairness, resource management, morale, unity, core values, flexibility, long term success, competitive edge

DIRECTION – ALIGNMENT - COMMITMENT

COMMITMENT – Cultivate a culture of mutual trust, collaboration, shared accountability. Value prioritizing team over individual.

WHAT COMMITMENT DOES – Dedication, team focus, WE not ME

 Drives strong collaboration, synergy, personnel health and productivity, motivation, better problem solving, collective accountability, sustainable growth, leadership development, succession planning

25



COMMITMENT

How do you get everyone in your organization COMMITED to team success over individual accomplishment (academy)?

Axon

Vision - Create safer communities through cutting-edge technology and ethical practices

Mission – Protect life by providing innovative solutions to public safety

Values:

- Be obsessed: Be immersed in the mission and with our customers
- Aim far: Think big and long-term
- Win right: Win with integrity and honor
- Own it: Commit, take action, and deliver
- Join forces: Act as one global team
- Expect candor: Deliver with respect and assume positive intent
- Next Play: Don't dwell in success or failure Next play

27

Strategic Planning

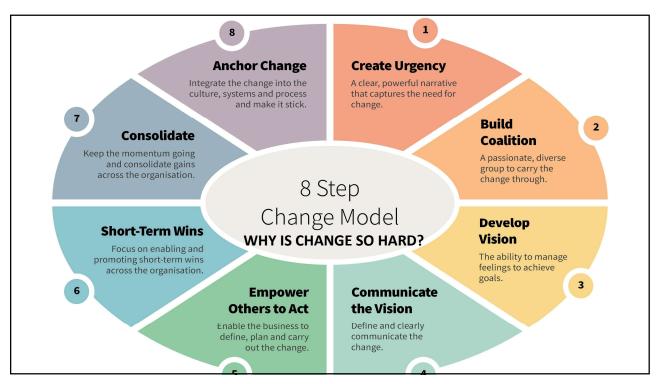
- Purpose (the fundamental reason why the organization exists the WHY behind the work:
- **Values** (shared beliefs about how to execute the mission and achieve the vision):
- Vision (the ultimate good that we are working together to achieve):
- **Mission** (defines the organization's business, its objectives, and how it will reach these objectives to achieve its future vision):
- **Results** (measurable, long-term impact we will achieve toward a shared vision):
- Priorities (the most important areas of focus to advance the vision over time):
- **Strategies and Actions** (a cohesive set of planned actions and functional tasks in pursuit of measurable impact):

Why it matters

Purpose, vision, NorthStar, mission, strategies

- Defines what is important
- Provides the organization shared objectives and future direction
- Acts as a guiding framework
- Informs decision-making and behavior
- Aligns employees

29







Think "hardware" (structures, policies, systems)

Think "software" (culture, trust, daily interactions).

- ASSESS
- DEFINE AND COMMUNICATE VISION
- ALIGN SYSTEMS WITH VALUES
 - Policies & Procedures
 - Recruitment & Onboarding: Hire for values fit, not just technical skill.
 - **Performance Management:** Incorporate climate-based behaviors into evaluations.
 - Recognition & Reward
- BUILD LEADERSHIP
- CREATE FEEDBACK LOOPS AND SAFETY
- EMBED STORIES, SYMBOLS AND RITUALS

33

Systemic and Lived Behavior

You change organizational climate when people consistently see Leaders' behaviors align with the stated values.

Systems reward the right behaviors, not the wrong ones.

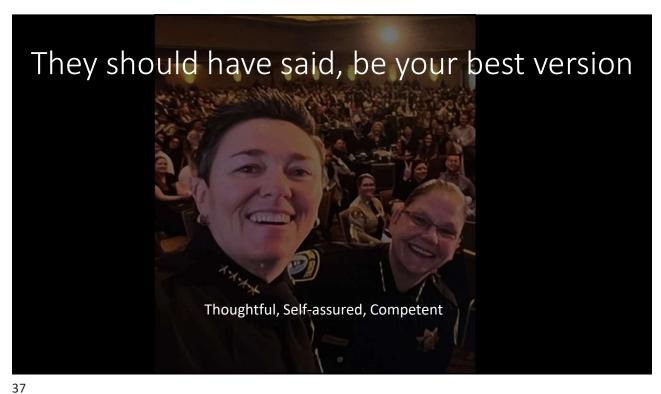
People have voice, respect, and psychological safety.

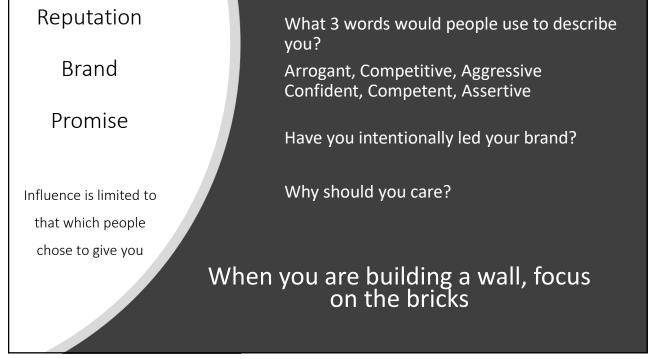
The organization communicates transparently and acts consistently over time.

 Communication Empathy Collaboration **SOFTWARE** Adaptability Collaboration Integrity What is is like to be on the Self-Awareness other side of me Organization Writing **HARDWARE** Strategic Planning · Project management Financial management Critical Thinking Implementation

35







Giving and Receiving Constructive Feedback
 Feedback
 Hard to give and receive

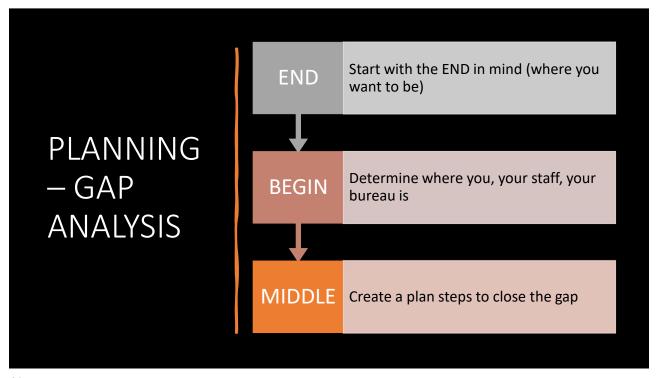
 Why do we give feedback?

 Growth mindset –

 Learn from AND grow from
 Necessity to be better
 Not to hurt – deliver without negative undertones or emotions

2 primary ways we give feedback Either sugar coat it

Or we cut off all empathy and emotion and deliver feedback that is harsh or damaging to the relationship.







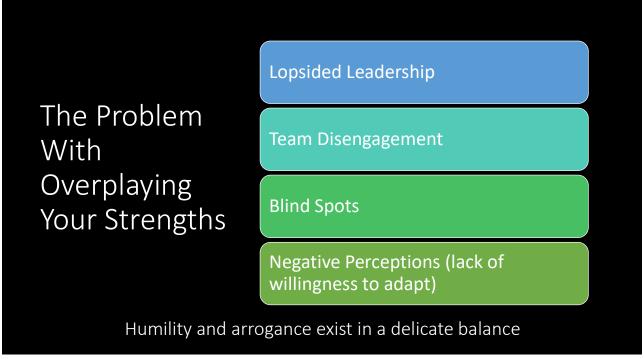
Game Day!

- · How would you want this feedback
 - Platinum rule how would they want the feedback
- · Avoid criticizing
 - · WATCH YOUR TONE, BODY LANGUAGE, EMOTIONS
- · Focus on the FACTS and BEHAVIOR
- · Tell them the impact their behavior has/will have
- · Don't leave them in the wind plan for success
- · Be open to suggestions
- · Say what HAS TO BE SAID then move on
- · Document if necessary

43









SELF-REFLECTION

SEEK AND ACCEPT FEEDBACK

MINDFULNESS

RESPONSE TO TRIGGERS



EMOTIONS IMPACT ON BEHAVIOR

MY REACTION

PHYSIOLOGICAL CHANGE

STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

ANALYZING THOUGHTS

47

SELF MANAGEMENT

OVERTALKING AN ISSUE

INSECURITY

LACK OF GOALS

LACK OF EXPECTATIONS

UNCERTAINTY

BEING SLOW

NOT DOING THINGS MY WAY



ASK QUESTIONS AT END

GIVE COMPLIMENTS (PENNIES)

CHECKLIST

UNDERSTANDING MY ROLE

PLAN AHEAD

HAVE MULTIPLE PROJECTS (HARDEST)

LETTING GO

How can you deescalate a situation if you cannot regulate your own emotions?



RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT **ACTIVE LISTENING (CURIOSITY) VULNERABILITY NON-JUDGEMENTAL CONFLICT RESOLUTION** TRUST BUILDING MANAGING YOUR EMOTIONS The ability to understand people is one of the greatest assets anyone can ever have. ADAPTING COMMUNICATION 50





